1950-51 —— VICTORIA

REPORT

OF

STATE ELECTRICITY COMMISSION

OF VICTORIA

ON

THE FINAL PHASE

 \mathbf{OF}

THE RURAL ELECTRIFICATION OF THE STATE

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by His Excellency's Command

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STATE ELECTRICITY COMMISSION OF VICTORIA

REPORT

ON

THE FINAL PHASE OF THE RURAL ELECTRIFICATION OF THE STATE

The Honourable K. Dodgshun,
Minister in Charge of Electrical Undertakings,
Old Treasury Building,
MELBOURNE, C.1.

Sir,

- 1. In accordance with its legislative responsibilities for the ultimate co-ordination and unification of electricity supply in Victoria, the Commission has presented to the Government from time to time projects for the development of power generation, and for the extension of the State transmission and distribution systems.
- 2. This report deals with the steps to be taken by the Commission, with the approval of the Government, to carry out what is virtually the final stage in the electrification of rural Victoria, i.e., the extension of supply to every dwelling in the State, except for those in the most remote parts; these latter are estimated to total some 15,000 dwellings.
- 3. After three decades of active work by the Commission, 83% (487,000) of the dwellings in Victoria are supplied with electricity from public supply mains. Outside the metropolitan area there are 239,000 occupied dwellings, and notwithstanding the severe setbacks of the 1930-1934 world recession and the 1939-1945 world war and its aftermath, already 164,000 (69%) of these dwellings now have a supply of electricity. Thus, in numbers, over two-thirds of the task has been completed, which provides a very substantial foundation for the final stage of electrification in rural Victoria. Except for those in the sparsely settled remote areas, the work of connecting the remaining 75,000 existing homes present no greater obstacles than have been surmounted already for, since the depression, the attitude of farmers and others towards rural electrification has changed from sheer indifference to a clamour for electricity as a right.
- 4. At the present time, the Commission is connecting up consumers at the rate of 25,000 per annum, and of this number 16,500 (or 67%) are located outside the metropolis. To achieve this more than 90% of the available construction materials has been devoted to country work. The 16,500 consumers connected in country areas compares more than favourably with the highest pre-war figure of 7,000 new country consumers in 1938. The following table shows the progress made in post-war years as compared with pre-war:—

Year	New Consumers Connected					
ended 30th June	Total	Metropolitan Area	Outside Metropolitan Area	Farms		
1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	17,655 15,972 16,877 18,870 24,677	4,426 (25%) 5,657 (35%) 6,104 (36%) 6,380 (34%) 8,156 (33%)	13,229 (75%) 10,315 (65%) 10,773 (64%) 12,490 (66%) 16,521 (67%)	1,471 1,340 1,238 1,322 1,831		
Average — 4 years prior to the war	11,766	6,100 (52%)	5,667 (48%)	748		

- 5. As a preliminary to planning the extension of the State electricity supply system to some of those areas that have not yet been covered by main H.V. feeder lines, the Commission, towards the close of the war period, made a comprehensive power survey in the four main regions of Victoria not yet covered by the State system, viz:—
 - (i) Mildura and district.
 - (ii) The North West Region—the area Bendigo to Swan Hill, Nyah and Sea Lake in the north, Gunbower in the east, and Donald in the west.
 - (iii) The Wimmera Region—the area lying west of Ballarat, as far as Serviceton in the west, Horsham in the south, and Patchewollock in the north.
 - (iv) The Glenelg Region—the area lying to the west of Port Fairy, as far as the South Australian border opposite Mount Gambier, Portland in the south and Edenhope in the north.

This survey showed that the Commission should make its developmental plans on the basis of supplying a total of 35,000 consumers in these four regions.

Government action already has taken place with regard to Mildura, because certain pumping requirements of the State Rivers and Water Supply Commission and the First Mildura Irrigation Trust had to be met before 1954. This Commission has finalised agreements with the State Rivers and Water Supply Commission and the First Mildura Irrigation Trust to supply electricity at a scale of charges satisfactory to those bodies, and negotiations are in course with the Mildura City Council for the acquisition of its undertaking by the Commission.

- 6. Both the Mildura requirements and the Valley of the Murray are to be served by a 220,000 volt transmission line from Kiewa to Mildura, via Shepparton and the Murray Valley, operated in conjunction with peak load stations at Shepparton, Swan Hill and Mildura. Although the line will not be completed before 1958, the first units of the Shepparton peak load station already are in operation. Until the construction of the Kiewa-Mildura transmission line, regional stations to be erected at Swan Hill and Mildura will progressively meet the requirements of the surrounding districts. Steps have been taken to procure generating plant for these two stations—in the case of Swan Hill, by the municipality. (The Commission's report to the Government on the Murray Valley regional scheme was approved in August, 1950.)
- 7. In keeping with the approved main Murray Valley scheme, a detailed plan has been prepared for the north west area, embracing the Kerang-Cohuna-Gunbower area; and a similar detailed investigation is in hand for the Wimmera region.
- 8. The next and final stage of the Commission's planning is recorded on the annexed map—called, for convenience, the Developmental Plan. It covers supply to new consumers in existing extra-metropolitan branches and adjacent areas, and the extension of electricity supply into the four new regions, namely, Mildura, Wimmera, North West and Glenelg.

Under this plan, the existing 66,000 volt lines will be extended by stages from a convenient point, e.g., from Ballarat towards Horsham and from Warrnambool to Heywood for Portland. The tentative routes for these lines are recorded on the map (Appendix No. 1).

9. It is assumed that materials will be available to complete the developmental plan in ten years. During this decade, some 142,000 homes in extra-metropolitan areas would be connected to the State supply system, as follows:—

Number of existing homes without supply	75,000	
Plus new homes to be erected during the next ten years, say	60,000	
Plus homes already receiving supply from local undertakings to be acquired be	22,000	
Less homes in sparsely populated remote areas which cannot economically be supplied		
	142,000	

There also will be 36,000 or more commercial and industrial consumers, bringing the total number of consumers to be connected in extra-metropolitan areas to not less than 178,000. For further details see Appendix No. 2.

About 650 localities have been specifically listed in Appendix No. 4 as part of the plan, because of their relative significance; there are approximately another 600 smaller localities which have not been listed.

- 10. The Developmental Plan covers a ten-year period from the 1st July, 1951, and all estimates are as at that date: the following financial estimates would vary substantially if the current upward trend in wage and material costs continues:—
 - (a) The capital cost of the necessary works to supply the 178,000 extra-metropolitan consumers to be connected under the plan would be approximately £38,000,000 (excluding the cost of the Murray Valley extension for which an expenditure of £7,000,000 was approved in August, 1950).
 - (b) 100 MW would be required to meet the additional load on the Branch transmission systems.
 - (c) Notwithstanding the high cost of extending supply to remote dwellings and farms, the cost of electricity would average 4.1d. per kilowatt-hour (at the terminals of the 178,000 consumers included in the plan). Although slightly above the present cost for consumers of existing local undertakings (3.9d.), it compares more than favourably as for the most part their service does not extend beyond towns and settled areas. Except for the cities and a few larger towns, the average rate of local undertakings ranges from 5d. to 1/6d. per kilowatt-hour.

(The estimate of 4.1d. per kilowatt-hour would be reduced to the extent to which the cost of supplying sparsely populated farming and outback areas may be subsidised—see recommendations later in this report.)

11. On completion of the plan, there may be 15,000 dwellings outside the metropolitan area which have not been connected to the State electricity system. These homes will be in the most remote parts of Victoria, but investigations will be continued to ascertain what can be done for this group.

In this report "dwellings" include farm dwellings, but the number of farm dwellings in Victoria is not known exactly and therefore a census to determine this is being carried out, in co-operation with the local government authorities.

12. All municipal and private electricity supply undertakings (metropolitan and country) operating under Order in Council at the 30th June, 1951, and the tariffs charged by each, are listed in Appendix No. 6. The 48 country undertakings to be acquired as part of the plan are given in Appendix No. 2.

In common with practically all electricity supply authorities in Australia, their plant problems under today's conditions are becoming increasingly difficult. The Commission has assisted several of these undertakings by hiring of plant: however, the only practicable and permanent solution of their problems is the implementation of the Development Plan. In the meantime, as the plan progresses and some of these undertakings are acquired, suitable generating plant will become available for transfer to relieve the position elsewhere.

13. Since the war, the rate of progress in the construction of rural extensions has proceeded to the maximum possible extent of available materials. Local manufacturers have been able to supply but a small portion of requirements, and large-scale orders have had to be placed overseas at costs substantially above Australian prices. Local manufacturers have been encouraged to expand their production, but it is apparent that the Commission will be dependent on considerable quantities of overseas materials and equipment—at least during the first few years of the Developmental Plan.

The expeditious and economical erection of all distribution assets involved has called for special organisation and the use of the most up-to-date mechanical aids on as large a scale as is practicable; training schools for technicians to augment construction gangs and other personnel have been established.

- 14. The existing electricity supply tariffs fall into three groups-
 - (a) metropolitan;
 - (b) provincial cities and large towns;
 - (c) smaller towns and rural areas.

(See Appendix No. 5 — Charges as from 1st July, 1951.)

With the Commission rests the responsibility of meeting from its own revenues, the costs of producing, transmitting and distributing electricity: for many years it has adopted the practice of pooling main generation and transmission costs, to the extent that each of its ten supply branches obtains electricity from the "pool" at the same price. This practice has meant a considerable advantage to consumers in the rural branches. Also, over recent years losses in rural branches have been subsidised by revenues from the Commission's Metropolitan Branch: the loss sustained by country branches for 1948/49 was £130,000, and for 1949/50 £138,000.

- 15. Thus, through its tariff structure, the Commission is able to relieve and aid considerably the rural consumer. From time to time the extent to which this is possible will, of necessity, be reviewed, but at this juncture the Commission—after careful consideration—sees no reason to change the advice it gave the Government in its 1945 report on future country electrical development, the substance of which was that the Commission should be encouraged to continue the long-established policy of relying on its own financial resources in order to press on with the arrears of country electrical development, taking as its chief objective the extension of electricity service to the majority of those country homes at present without electricity.
- 16. In the same report, the Commission emphasised that there is an important direction in which the Government could assist greatly in facilitating country electrical development, i.e., by extending financial aid to prospective consumers in respect of service lines for connection from the Commission's mains to the consumer's premises: this would be of material benefit to occupiers of large farms in remote country areas. The cost of these lines is at present borne by consumers, except for the first 60 feet in each case.
- 17. During and since the war, the Commission has transferred sums totalling £1,200,000 to a Rural Development Reserve, which it is proposed to use for those rural extensions not self-supporting.
- 18. The Commission has often pointed out the obvious—that, as rural extensions reach the more remote areas, it is inevitable that the cost of supply will progressively increase. As to consumers in the new major supply areas, the aim will be the supply to urban and town areas at tariffs framed to meet the costs, leaving the Commission to provide, by subvention from established areas, a subsidy for further development of the more remote areas in the new regions.
- 19. In this important task, having in mind particularly the burden of finance unavoidably associated with rural development, the Commission should be fortified by the transfer of the metropolitan municipal undertakings to its ownership. This step, which is essential to complete co-ordination of the State's supply system, is a corollary to the Commission's ten-year planned programme of rural development which, as stated earlier, includes the acquisition by the State Electricity Commission of Victoria of 48 country electricity supply authorities. It could not be separated from such obligations for subvention as have to be accepted to assure financial soundness for this rural development plan.

In its report to the Government in 1945, the Commission emphasised that the final stage of the State's policy of unification of Victorian electricity supply involved, in addition to the acceleration of rural development, this question of the transfer to State ownership of the ten metropolitan undertakings now served in bulk by the State system. The Commission repeats its 1945 advice on this problem:—

"The solution of the metropolitan problem appears to rest on an arrangement along the lines of the purchase arrangements for the Melbourne Electric Supply Company Ltd. (Melbourne and Geelong), and the Electric Supply Company of Victoria (Ballarat and Bendigo). It could provide for all the transfers of ownership to be completed in ten years. Each undertaking could be acquired in turn, according to the influence of the change on its municipal rates. The minimum and maximum 'agency' periods might be two and ten years respectively. Such an arrangement might even be negotiated amicably, subject to ratification by Parliament, if the Government were to make a suitable declaration of policy as the background for such negotiations."

20. As the financial burden of extending electricity supply to the remote rural areas will progressively increase, it is vital to the satisfactory completion of this Developmental Plan that all the resources of electricity supply in Victoria should be co-ordinated and consolidated so that the maximum aid practicable by subvention from the established and populated areas is available.

During the last ten years, the profits from the metropolitan municipal undertakings have averaged £330,000 per annum (£340,000 for 1950); further details of the financial operations of these undertakings are set out in Appendix No. 7. Most of these profits have been transferred to municipal funds for works other than electricity supply; the transfer of the undertakings to Commission ownership would ensure the maximum aid for the completion of rural electrification in Victoria, and an equitable sharing of the financial burden involved.

SUMMARY

This Developmental Plan provides for the final stages of rural electrification in Victoria, and is to be completed within ten years. During this time—

- (a) 178,000 consumers will be connected in areas outside the metropolis at a rate which will be limited only by the availability of necessary manpower and materials: of this number only 22,000 homes are at present receiving supply from local undertakings;
- (b) in the course of the plan, 48 local undertakings in country areas will be acquired and supply will be extended to about 650 centres and other small settlements not at present having electricity available from public mains.

It is anticipated that, on the completion of the plan, there will remain without supply 15,000 homes in the most isolated parts of the State, but every effort will be made to include as many as possible in the plan.

The capital cost of the plan, including the Murray Valley project, is estimated at approximately £45,000,000. Based on present cost levels, it is estimated that the cost of delivering electricity to the 178,000 new extra-metropolitan consumers will average 4.1d. per kilowatt-hour.

The Commission would rely on its own financial resources in undertaking the plan. Tariffs would be framed to supply new urban and larger town areas at cost, leaving the Commission to provide by subvention from established areas a subsidy for the further development of the more remote areas in the new regions.

The Government could assist rural development greatly by extending financial aid in respect of service lines for connection from the Commission's mains to the consumer's premises: the cost of these lines is at present borne by consumers, except for the first 60 feet in each case.

The Commission has aided and is continuing to aid rural supplies financially by the pooling of main generation and transmission costs, and in other ways.

In meeting this financial burden, it is important that the Commission be fortified by the transfer to its ownership of the metropolitan municipal undertakings, which should not be separated from such obligations. This step would complete the co-ordination of the State's supply system in accordance with the obligations placed on the Commission at its inception by Parliament.

CONCLUSION

The Commission's important objective is to make available a service of electricity at the earliest practicable date to those country residents who have as yet been denied the benefits and conveniences of supply.

In submitting this Developmental Plan, the Commission desires it to be clearly understood that no effort is being spared to accelerate the rate of progress in the actual construction of the distribution and transmission assets which will serve new supply areas. Last year 90% of materials available were used for supply extensions in extra-metropolitan areas.

The only limiting factor today is the shortage of materials vital to this purpose, but, as you know, urgent special measures have been taken in an endeavour to overcome this problem by procurement from overseas, which has necessitated, for certain basic materials, your Government's approach to the Commonwealth in an endeavour to augment supplies.

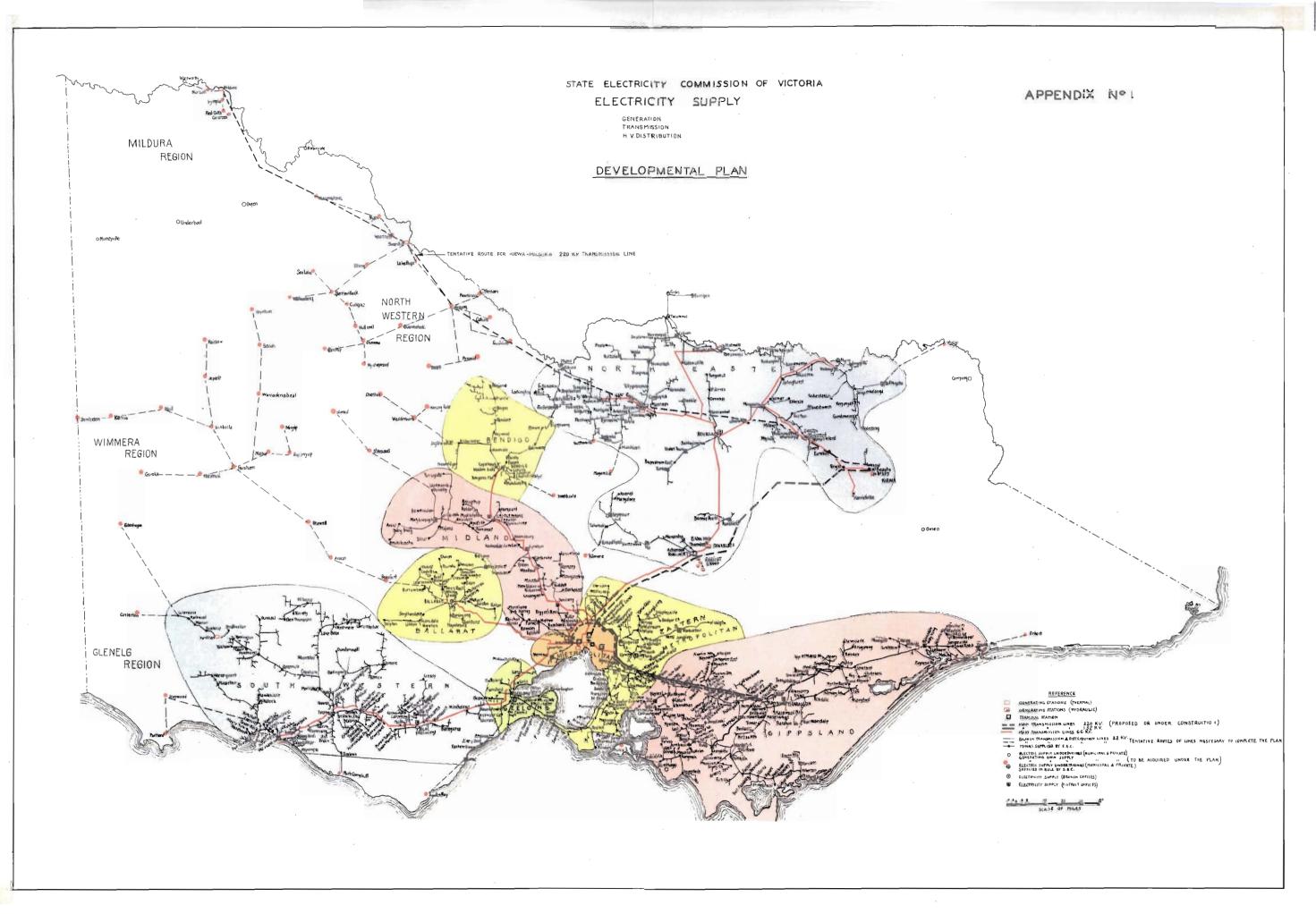
Despite this limitation, attainment during the last twelve months has been considerable. 16,500 new consumers were connected in areas outside the metropolis: a 32% increase on the previous year and approximately three times the number in pre-war years. A further acceleration in the rate of construction is under way, and with reasonable augmentation of resources and freedom from the effects of any major crises, the objectives of the Developmental Plan should be achieved.

We have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient servants.

R. A. HUNT, Chairman.ANDREW W. FAIRLEY, Commissioner.W. D. CHAPMAN, Commissioner.A. W. HENDERSON, Commissioner.

D. H. MUNRO, Secretary,

31st August, 1951.



State Electricity Commission of Victoria ELECTRICITY SUPPLY TO DWELLINGS — 1951-1961

	Total Nu Dwel		of Dwellings Ser by Electricity							
			195	1	196	1	195	1	196	1
Area	1951	1961	No.	% of Total Dwell- ings	No.	% of Total Dwell- ings	No.	% of Total Dwell- ings	No.	% of Total Dwell- ings
Metropolitan area	346,000	475,000	323,000	93	473,000	99.6	23,000	7	2,000	0.4
Extra-Metro- politan area	239,000	299,000	164,000	69	284,000	95	75,000	31	15,000	5
Totals	585,000	774,000	487,000	- 83	757,000	98	98,000	17	17,000	2

DWELLINGS WITHOUT SUPPLY IN THE EXTRA-METROPOLITAN AREA - 1951 - 1961

Locality	Dwellings without supply in 1951	New Dwellings Erected 1951-1961	Dwellings Connected 1951-1961	Dwellings without supply in 1961
In areas related to independent supply authorities	14,000	8,000	21,000	1,000
Within five miles of the State system	37,000	36,000	71,000	2,000
In areas related to regional schemes	18,000	12,000	20,000	10,000
In areas more than five miles from the State system and not in areas related to inde- pendent supply authorities or regional schemes	6,000	4,000	8,000	2,000
Totals	75,000	60,000	120,000	15,000

Appendix No. 3

LOCAL UNDERTAKINGS (48) TO BE ACQUIRED DURING DEVELOPMENTAL PLAN

Undertaking	Undertaking
Apollo Bay	Manangatang
Ararat	Mildura
Beaufort	Minyip
Beulah	Murtoa
Birchip	Nagambie
Boort	Natimuk
Casterton	Nhill
Charlton	Orbost
Cohuna	Port Campbell
Cowes	Portland
Dimboola	Pyramid
Donald	Quambatook
Doncaster-Templestowe	Rainbow
Edenhope	Rupanyup
Goroke ^	Rushworth
Gunbower	St. Arnaud
Heathcote	Serviceton
Heywood	Stawell
Hopetoun	Swan Hill Area
Horsham	Walwa
Jeparit	Warracknabeal
Kaniva	Wedderburn-Korong Vale
Kerang-Koondrook	Woomelang
Kilmore	Wycheproof-Sealake

State Electricity Commission of Victoria

DEVELOPMENTAL PLAN

This list sets out the names of nearly 650 localities which have been specifically listed in the plan because of their relative significance having regard to population and industry. There are, however, approximately 600 other localities which have not been specifically listed, but which nevertheless come within the ambit of the plan.

Legend-

Ball.		Ballarat Branch	Mid.		Midland Branch
Bend.	_	Bendigo Branch	N/E.	_	
E/M.	_	Eastern Metro. Branch	N/W.		North Western Region
Geel.		Geelong Branch	S/W.	_	South Western Region
Gipps.	_	Gippsland Branch	$\mathbf{W}.$		
Glen.		Glenelg Region			8

*Possible acquisition of local undertakings at these centres.

2 03310		i would and of takings at those co	
Centre	Branch or	Centre	Branch or
Centre	Region	Contre	Region
Allan's Flat	N/E.	Bet Bet	Mid.
Almurta	Gipps.	Bethanga	N/E.
Amherst	Mid.	Betley	Mid.
Anakie	Geel.	Beulah*	W.
Anderson	Gipps.	Beveridge	Е/М.
Angleside	N/E.	Binginwarri	Gipps.
Apollo Bay*	S/W.	Birchip*	N/W.
Ararat*	Ball.	Blackwarry	
Arawata	Gipps.	Blackwood	Gipps. Mid.
Arcadia	N/E.	Blackwood Forest	
	Glen.	Blakeville	Gipps. Ball.
Ardgarton	Glen.	Boho	N/E.
Ardno	Ball.	Bolinda	Mid.
Armstrong	E/M.	Bolga	
Arthur's Creek	Mid.	Bolwarrah	N/E.
Ashbourne		Boneo	Ball.
Athlone	Gipps.	Boorhaman	E/M.
Avonmore	Bend.		N/E.
Avonsleigh	E/M.	Boorolite Boort*	N/E.
Awonga	Glen.		N/W.
Axedale	Bend.	Boosey	N/E.
Ayreford	S/W.	Boundary Bend	N/W.
		Boys	Gipps.
Dallangoich	S/W.	Branxholme	Glen.
Ballangeich Balliang	Geel.	Brewster	Ball.
	Glen.	Brimboal	Glen.
Balmoral	E/M.	Brit Brit	Glen.
Balnarring	Geel.	Broadwater	Glen.
Bamganie	E/M.	Brodribb River	Gipps.
Bangholme		Brown's Plains	N/Ē.
Bannockburn	Geel. Mid.	Bruarong	N/E.
Barfold	Glen.	Brucknell	S/W.
Bargallah		Bruthen Creek	Gipps.
Barjarg	N/E. Mid.	Buangor	Ball.
Barkly	N/E.	Buckland	N/E.
Barmah Barnaganah	S/W.	Buckley's Swamp	Glen.
Barongarook	S/W.	Budgeree	Gipps.
Barramunga	Mid.	Buffalo	Gipps.
Barry's Reef Barwidgee	N/E.	Bulart	Glen.
Barwon Downs	S/W.	Bullengarook	Mid.
Bass	Gipps.	Bullengarook East	Mid.
Baulkamaugh	N/E.	Buln Buln East	Gipps.
Baynton	Mid.	Bunbartha	N/E.
	Mid.	Bundalong	N/E.
Bealiba	Ball.	Bungador	S/W.
Beaufort*		Buttlejork	Mid.
Beech Forest	S/W. E/M.	Buxton	N/E.
Beenak		Byaduk North	Glen.
Belgrave South	E/M.	Bylands	N/E.
Benlock	Mid.	Calliana	C:
Berringa	Ball.	Callignee	Gipps.
Berrybank	S/W.	Callignee North	Gipps.
Berry's Creek	Gipps.	Callignee South	Gipps.
Bessiebelle	Glen.	Calulu	Gipps.

Centre	Branch or Region	Centre	Branch or Region
Campbelltown	Mid.	Drouin South	Gipps.
Camp Corner	Glen.	Drumanure	N/\bar{E} .
Caniambo	N/E.	Drummond	Mid.
Cape Clear Cape Otway	Ball. S/W.	Dunach	Mid.
Cape Otway Cape Schanck	5/ W. E/M.	Dunbulbalane Dunluce	N/E. Mid.
Carboor	N/E.	Durham Lead	Ball.
Cardinia	Gipps.	Duverney	S/W.
Carlisle River	S/Ŵ.	•	
Carngham	Ball.	Ebden	N/E.
Carpendeit Carrajung	S/W. Gipps.	Echuca North	N/E.
Carrajung South	Gipps. Gipps.	Eddington Edenhope*	Mid. Glen.
Carrajung South Casterton*	Glen.	Eden Park	E/M.
Cathkin	N/E.	Edgecombe	Mid.
Cavendish	Glen.	Edi	N/E.
Chapplevale	S/W.	Egerton	Ball.
Charam Charleroi	Glen. N/E.	Elaine	Ball.
Charlton*	N/W.	Elingamite Ellerslie	S/W. S/W.
Chatsworth	S/W.	Elmhurst	Mid.
Cherokee	Mid.	Eltham North	E/M.
Cheshunt	N/E.	Emberton	Mid.
Chetwynd Cheviot	Glen. N/E.	Englefield	Glen.
Childers	Gipps.	Erica	Gipps.
Chiltern Valley	N/E.	Eskdale Eurack	N/Ē.
Clarendon	Ball.	Eurambeen	S/W. Ball.
Clydesdale	Mid.	Eversley	Mid.
Coalville	Gipps.	,	
Coolana	Mid.	Fairy Dell	E/M.
Cockatoo Codrington	E/M. S/W.	Fenwick	Geel.
Cohuna*	N/W.	Ferguson	S/W.
Coimadai	Mid.	Fernbank Ferndale	Gipps.
Colbinabbin	N/E.	Fern Hill	Gipps. Mid.
Coliban	Mid.	Flowerdale	N/E.
Connewirrecoo	Glen.	Forrest	S/W.
Coojar Coongulmerang	Glen. Gipps.	Fosterville	Bend.
Corangamite	S/W.	Foxhow	S/W.
Corindhap	S/W.	Framlingham Franklinford	S/W. Mid.
Corop	N/E.	Fryerstown	Mid.
Cosgrove	N/E.	Fulham	Glen.
Cowes* Cowley's Creek	Gipps. S/W.		
Corinella	Gipps.	Gatum	Glen.
Craigie	Mid.	Gellibrand River Gembrook	S/W.
Creighton's Creek	N/E.	Gerangamete	E/M. S/W.
Crowes	S/W.	Gladysdale	E/M.
Crowlands Cundare North	Mid.	Glenaladale	Gipps.
Culture North	S/W.	Glen Aire	S/W̄.
		Glen Brae	Ball.
Dalmore East	Gipps.	Glenburn Glendaruel	N/E.
Darraweit Guim	Mid.	Glen Fyne	Ball. S/W.
Dartmore	Glen.	Glenisla	Glen.
Dean's Marsh	S/W.	Glenlogie	Mid.
Delburn Denison	Gipps.	Glenluce	Mid.
Derby	Gipps. Bend.	Glenlyon	Ball.
Dergholm	Glen.	Glenmaggie Glenorchy	Gipps. Ball.
Devonsdale	S/W.	Glenpatrick	Mid.
Devon Meadows	E/M.	Gnarkeet	S/W.
Digby Diggers	Glen.	Golden Point	Mid.
Diggora Dimboola*	Bend. W.	Goldie Corolo*	Mid.
Dixon's Creek	E/M.	Goroke* Gould	W. Gipps.
Docker	N/E.	Grantville	Gipps. Gipps.
Dollar	Gipps.	Grassdale	Glen.
Donald*	N/\bar{W} .	Grassmere	S/W.
Dondangadale Doreen	N/E.	Great Western	Ball.
Doreen Drik Drik	E/M. Glen.	Greendale	Mid.
	Gicii,	Green Gully	Mid.

Centre	Branch or Region	Centre	Branch or Region
Green Hill	Mid.	Laang	S/W.
Greenwald	Glen.	Labertouche	Gipps.
Grenville	Ball.	Lake Charm	N/W.
Greta	N/E.	Lake Goldsmith	Ball.
Gringe	Glen.	Lake Moodermere	N/E.
Gritjurk	Glen.	Lake Mundi	Glen.
Gruyere	E/M.	Lake Rowan	N/E.
Gunbower*	N/W.	Landsborough	Mid.
п. 11.	n 11	Langkoop	Glen.
Haddon Hall's Gap	Ball. Ball.	Langley Lauriston	Mid. Mid.
Hallston	Gipps.	Lauriston Lavers Hill	S/W.
Hansonville	N/E.	Lawrence	Ball.
Happy Valley	Ball.	Leitchville	N/W.
Harrow	Glen.	Le Roy	Gipps.
Harston	N/E.	Leslie Manor	S/W.
Hazel Park	Gipps.	Lethbridge	Geel.
Hazelwood South	Gipps.	Lexton	Ball.
Heathcote*	Bend.	Limestone	N/E.
Heath Hill	Gipps.	Limonite Little Hampton	Gipps. Mid.
Hesket Heywood*	Mid. Glen.	Llowalong	Gipps.
Hiawatha	Gipps.	Londrigan	N/E.
Hillend	Gipps.	Longwarry South	Gipps.
Hoddle's Creek	E/M.	Longwood	Ν/Ē.
Hoddle Range	Gipps.	Lower Gellibrand	S/W.
Homebush	Mid.	Lurg	N/E.
Hopetoun*	W.	Lyons	Glen.
Hordern Vale	S/W.	Lyonville	Mid.
Horsham*	W.		
Humevale Hunter	E/M.	Macclesfield	E/M.
Hurstbridge	Bend. E/M.	Mack's Creek	Gipps.
Tuistoriage	L/ N1.	Macarna Manangatang*	N/W. N/W.
Illabrook	Ball.	Manangatang * Mannibadar	Ball.
Indented Head	Geel.	Mardan South	Gipps.
Inverleigh	S/W.	Marlo	Gipps.
Irrewillipe	S/W.	Maroona	S/W.
T 1 T	C 1	Marysville	N/E.
Jeeralang Junction	Gipps.	Maud	Geel.
Jeeralang North Jeffries	Gipps. Glen.	Meereek	Glen.
Jeparit*	W.	Melville Forest Mena Park	Glen. Ball.
Johanna	S/W.	Meredith	Geel.
,	<i>U</i> ,	Merino	Glen.
Kaladbro	Glen.	Merricks	E/M.
Kalimna West	Gipps.	Merrijig	N/E.
Kamarooka	Bend.	Merriville	S/W.
Kanagulk	Glen.	Merton	N/E.
Kangaroo Hills	Ball.	Metcalfe	Mid.
Kaniva* Kanumbra	W. N/E.	Metcalfe East	Mid.
Kanyapella	N/E.	Mia Mia Middle Creek	Mid. Ball.
Karabeal	Glen.	Millbrook	Ball.
Kardella	Gipps.	Mincha	N/W.
Kawarren	S/W.	Minhamite	S/W.
Kennedy's Creek	S/W.		S/W.
Kentbruck	Glen.	Minyip*	W.
Kerang*	N/W.	Mirranatwa	Glen.
Kernot Kerri	Gipps. Mid.	Mitta Mitta Modella	N/E. Gipps.
Kilcunda	Gipps.	Modewarre	S/W.
Kilmore*	N/E.	Moglonemby	N/E.
Kinglake	E/M.	Mologa	N/W.
Knebsworth	Glen.	Molyullah	N/E.
Koallah	S/W.	Moonambel	Mid.
Konongwootong	Glen.	Moondarra	Gipps.
Koondrook*	N/W.	Mooralla	Glen.
Kornalla	Gipps.	Moriac	Geel.
Kooroocheang Koorooman	Ball. Gipps.	Morrisons Mount Best	Geel.
Korong Vale*	Bend.	Mount Bute	Gipps. S/W.
Kotupna	N/E.	Mount Clear	Ball.
Krowera	Gipps.	Mount Cole	Mid.

Centre	Branch or Region	Centre	Branch or Region
Mount Franklin	Ball.	Portland •	Glen.
Mount Lonarch	Mid.	Portland West	Glen.
Mount Moriac	Geel.	Powelltown	E/M.
Mount Prospect	Ball.	Princetown	S/W.
Mount Sabine	S/W.	Puralka	Glen.
Mount Square Top	Gipps.	Pura Pura	S/W.
Mount Scobie	N/E.	Purnim	S/W.
Mount Wallace	Ball.	Purrumbete South	S/W. N/E.
Moutajup	Glen. N/E.	Pyalong Pyramid Hill*	N/W.
Muckatah	N/E.	1 ylanna 11m	11/ 11.
 Mudgegonga Mundoona 	N/E.	Quambatook*	N/W.
Munro	Gipps.	Queenstown	E/M.
Murchison North	N∕Ē.	Rainbow*	W.
Murgheboluc	Geel.	Redbank	w. Mid.
Murrabit	N/W.	Redesdale	Mid.
Murrindindi	N/E.	Red Hill South	E/M.
Murtoa*	W.	Rennick	Glen.
Myall	N/W.	Rhyll	Gipps.
Myaring	Glen. N/E.	Ripplebrook	Gipps.
Myrrhee Myrtle Creek	Mid.	Rochford	Mid.
Wiyitte Creek	14114.	Rocklyn	Ball.
Nagambie*	N/E.	Rokewood	S/W.
Nalinga	N/E.	Rossbridge	S/W. Ball.
Nambrok	Gipps.	Ross Creek	N/E.
Narbethong	Ν/Ē.	Running Creek Rupanyup*	W.
Nareen	Glen.	Rushworth*	N/E.
Naringaningalook	N/E.	Russell's Bridge	Geel.
Nar Nar Goon North	Gipps.	Ryan's Creek	N/E.
Narracan	Gipps.		NT /TT
Natimuk [®]	W. Mid.	Samaria	N/E. Glen.
Natte Yallock Navarre	Mid.	Sandford Sandon	Mid.
Neereena	Gipps.	Sandy Creek	N/E.
Nelson	Glen.	San Remo	Gipps.
Newfield	S/W.	Sarsfield	Gipps.
Newham	Mid.	Sea Lake*	N/W.
Newhaven	Gipps.	Seaview	Gipps.
Newington	Geel.	Sedgwick	Bend.
Nhill*	W.	Serpentine	Bend.
Nicholson South	Gipps. S/W.	Serviceton*	W.
Nirranda Norong	N/E.	Seville Shean's Creek	E/M. N/E.
Nowa Nowa	Gipps.	Shelbourne	Mid.
Nullawarre	S/W.	Shelford	Geel.
Nyah	N/W.	Shepherd's Flat	Ball.
Nyah West	N/W.	Skene's Creek	S/W.
	~ /***	Smythe's Creek	Ball.
Olangolah	S/W.	Snake Valley	Ball.
Orbost*	Gipps.	Spargo's Creek	Ball.
Orford Oxley	S/W. N/E.	Springfield	Mid. Mid.
Oxiey	11/ 11.	Spring Hill St. Arnaud*	Mid.
Pakenham East	E/M.	St. Helena	S/W.
Pakenham South	Gipps.	St. Leonards	Geel.
Panton Hills	E/M.	Stacey's Bridge	Gipps.
Paraparap	Geel.	Stalker	S/W.
Paschendale	Glen.	Stanley	N/E.
Pastoria	Mid.	Stawell*	Ball. E/M.
Perpurayal	N/E. S/W.	Steel's Creek Stewarton	N/E.
Pennyroyal Peterborough	S/W.	Stonehaven	Geel.
Pheasants Creek	Gipps.	Stony Point	E/M.
Piangil	N/W.	Strangway	Mid.
Pidgeon Ponds	Glen.	Strathbogie	N/E.
Piggoreet	Ball.	Strath Creek	N/E.
Piper's Creek	Mid.	Strathdownie	Glen.
Pittong	Ball.	Strathlea	Mid.
Pomonal	Ball.	Struan	S/W.
Poolaijelo	Glen.	Stuart Mill	Mid. Mid.
Poowong South Porepunkah	Gipps. N/E.	Sutton Grange Swan Hill*	N/W.
Port Campbell*	S/W.	Swan Pool	N/E.
Tore Campbon	5/ 111	J., WII 2 002	/

Centre	Branch or Region	Centre	Branch or Region
Tabilk		*** 1	_
	N/E.	Walmer	Mid.
Taggerty Tahara Bridge	N/E.	Walwa*	N/E.
Tallandoon	Glen.	Wanalta	N/E.
Taminick	N/E. N/E.	Wandin	E/M.
Tanbybyrn	S/W.	Wandin East	E/M.
Tarilta	Mid.	Wandin North	E/M.
Tarraville	Gipps.	Wandiligong	N/E.
Tarrawarra	E/M.	Wandovale	Glen.
Tarrawingee	N/E.	Wangerrip	S/W.
Tarrayoukyan	Glen.	Warburton East Warragamba	E/M.
Tarwin	Gipps.	Warrabkook	Bend.
Tarwin Lower	Gipps.	Warracknabeal*	$\mathbf{Glen.}$
Tarwin Meadows	Gipps.	Warrayure	W. Glen.
Tarwin Middle	Gipps.	Warrenbayne	
Tatong	N/E.	Wattle Glen	N/E. E/M.
Tatyoon	S/W.	Wattle Hill	S/W.
Teesdale	Geel.	Weeaproinah	S/W.
Telangatuk	Glen.	Weering	S/W.
Telford	N/E.	Wedderburn*	Bend.
Tennyson	N/E.	Wensleydale	S/W.
The Heart	Gipps.	Werona	Mid.
The Patch	E/M.	Werneth	S/W.
The Sisters	S/W.	Whitfield	N/E.
Thorpdale South	Gipps.	Wickliffe	S/W.
Timmering	N/Ē.	Wilby	N/E.
Tintaldra	N/E.	Willung	Gipps.
Tomahawk Creek	S/W.	Winton North	N/E.
Toolamba	N/E.	Womberlano	Glen.
Toolangi	E/M.	Wongarra	S/W.
Toolern Vale	Mid.	Woodleigh	Gipps.
Toora North	Gipps.	Woodside	Gipps.
Toora South	Gipps.	Woods Point	E/M.
Topiram	Gipps.	Woodstock	E/M.
Turrumberry	N/E.	Woohlpooer	Glen.
Towong	N/E.	Woolsthorpe	S/W.
Tragowel	N/W.	Woomelang*	N/W.
Trawalla	Ball.	Wooragee	N/E.
Trentham East Trida	Mid.	Wooreen	Gipps.
Tulloh	Gipps.	Woori Yallock	E/M.
Tyrendarra East	S/Ŵ.	Wycheproof*	N/W.
Tyrendaria East	Glen.	Wyelangta	S/W.
Ullina	Ball.	Wye River	S/W.
Ultima	N/W.	Wyuna East	N/E.
Undera	N/E.	Yabba North	N/E.
Upper Coliban	Mid.	Yambuk	S/W.
Upper Pakenham	E/M.	Yandoit	Mid.
		Yan Yan Gurt	S/W.
Vasey	Glen.	Yarck	N/E.
Vaughan	Mid.	Yarrawalla	N/W.
Ventnor	Gipps.	Yellingbo	E/M.
Victoria Valley	Glen.	Yendon	Ball.
Vite Vite	S/W.	Yeodene	S/W.
Wallacedale	Class	Youanmite	N/E.
Wallan	Glen.	Youarang	N/E.
Wallinduc	E/M. S/W.	Yulecart	Glen.
·······································	S/ W.	Yuulong	S/W.

STATE ELECTRICITY COMMISSION OF VICTORIA STANDARD TARIFFS AS AT 1st JULY, 1951

		Residential and Commercial		Farming	Industrial	
Tariffs	Metropolitan	Provincial City and Town (Ballarat, Bendigo, Geelong and Large Towns)	Country (Small Towns and Rural Areas)	Farming Operations Only All Extra-	Factories and other Industrial Establishments All	Miscellaneous
	1	2		Metropolitan Areas	Supply Areas	6
Residential Tariff (Domestic and Commercial Residential Premises) -				-		-
Service Charge a month for each assessable room Rate a kWh Maximum overall rate a kWh	1s. 3d. 15d. 70d.	1s. 7 d. 1·9 5 d. 7·0d.	1s. 8d. 2·1d. 7·0d.			
Lighting— Block Tariff — rates a kWh (Based on monthly consumption)	First 20 at 55d. Balance at 45d.	First 100 at 7-0d. Balance at 5-0d.	First 100 at 7.75d. Next 200 at 6.25d. Balance at 5.0d.		First 20 at 5·5d. Balance at 4·5d.	Tariffs for the follow
Power and Heating— Block Tariff — rates a kWh (Based on monthly consumption)	First 200 at 3.0d. Next 4,800 at 1.75d. ,, 20,000 at 1.4d. Balance at 1.35d.	First 200 at 3.5d. Next 4,800 at 2.25d. ,, 20,000 at 1.55d. Balance at 1.5d.	First 50 at 3.75d. Next 150 at 3.5d. ,, 4,800 at 2.25d. ,, 20,000 at 1.55d. Balance at 1.5d.		First 200 at 3·0d. Next 4,800 at 1·75d. " 20,000 at 1·4d. Balance at 1·35d.	ing centres are the sam as shown in Columns 4 and 5, except the Res dential Tariff within ce tain areas:—
Rental a month for each two-rate meter	11 p.m7 a.m. — 0-65d. 5s.	10.30 p.m6.30 a.m.* — 0.725d. 5s.	10 p.m6 a.m. — 0.725d. 5s.	" 4,800 at 2.25d.	11 p.m7 a.m.°—0-65d. 5s.	Croydon Heathmont Kilsyth
Power, Heating and Lighting -	Commercial General Service	Commercial General Service	Commercial General Service	Farming General Service	Industrial All-Purposes	Montrose Ringwood
Block Tariff - rates a kWh (Based on monthly consumption)	First 20 at 5.5d. Next 980 at 4.5d. ,, 1,000 at 3.0d. ,, 3,000 at 2.6d. ,, 20,000 at 1.4d.	First 100 at 7·0d. Next 900 at 5·0d. " 4,000 at 3·5d. " 20,000 at 1·55d. Balance at 1·5d.	First 100 at 7.75d. Next 200 at 6.25d. ,, 700 at 5.0d. 4,000 at 3.5d. ,, 20,000 at 1.55d.	First 4 at 7·5d. Next 198 at 3·5d. Balance at 1·55d.	First 20 at 5.5d. Next 480 at 4.5d. ,, 4,500 at 2.7d. ,, 20,000 at 1.4d. ,, 100,000 at 1.35d.	Details of residenti tariffs for the areas con cerned will be supplied on request.
	Balance at 1·35d. 11 p.m7 a.m. — 0·65d.	10.30 p.m6.30 a.m.* — 0.725d.	Balance at 15d. 10 p.m6 a.m. — 0.725d.	10 p.m6 a.m.°—0.725d.	Balance at 1·25d. 11 p.m7 a.m. — 0·65d. (See Note 2 below)	
Rental a month for each two-rate meter	(Power & Heating Only) 5s.	(Power & Heating Only) 5s.	(Power & Heating Only) 5s.	5s.	5s.	
ndustrial Maximum Demand (See Note 3 below) Power, Heating and Lighting	-				£1.1s.8d. a month for each kW of maximum demand plus 0.55d. a kWh (500 kW minimum demand charge.) Reset Monthly.	
Commercial Range (Electric Cooking) - Rate a kWh	15d.	1·95d.	2·1d.			
Water Heating - Night Tariff Rate a kWh	0.725d.	0·825d.	0·825d.	0·825d.	0·725d.	
Minimum Charge – a month	2s. 6d.	3s.	3s. 6d.	3s.	2s. 6d.	

[•] Prescribed hours for these tariffs are 10.30 p.m.—6.30 a.m. in Ballarat, Bendigo and Geelong. In other extra-metropolitan areas the hours are 10 p.m. — 6 a.m.

TARIFFS FOR NON-RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

Notes.—1. Details regarding the application of the above tariffs are shown in the Commission's published tariff schedules, which are available on request. 2. A consumer adopting the Industrial All-Purposes Tariff must agree to pay a special minimum charge of £15.1s.8d. per month. 3. The Industrial Maximum Demand Tariff is available only to consumers entering into a five-year agreement providing for high tension supply and for monthly payments based on the minimum demand indicated or half the stipulated rate of supply, whichever is the greater.

STATE OF VICTORIA

ELECTRICITY SUPPLY UNDERTAKINGS (MUNICIPAL AND PRIVATE.)

	ELECTRICITY SUPP	ELECTRICITY SUPPLY UNDERTAKINGS (MUNICIPAL AND PRIVATE.)	NICIPAL A	ND PRIVATE) Appendix No. 6.
Municipality or Centre	Supply Authority	System of Supply	Popu- lation	Number of Consumers	Tariffs
METROPOLITAN.					
Supplied in Bulk by State Electricity Commission	Slectricity Commission				Metropolitan Standard Tariffs apply in all these territories with the exception of that of the Melbourne
City of Melbourne (excl. Flemington)	Melbourne City Council	[D.C., 230-460 v. [A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.]	73,200	28,955	City Council, which has the following Metropolitan Standard Tariffs only—
Box Hill, and City of Nunawading	Box Hill City Council	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	32,600	11,605	Residential, All-purposes, Night Rate Water Heat- ing.
Brunswick .	Brunswick City Council	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	000'09	15,494	In addition to the above, the Melbourne City Council has Tariffs different from Standard for commercial
Coburg	Coburg City Council	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	57,315	14,807	and industrial lighting, radiators, and power and heating.
Footscray and part of Braybrook Shire	Footscray City Council	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	65,000	17,474	
Heidelberg (excl. Greensborough)	Heidelberg City Council	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	38,296	11,131	
Northcote	Northcote City Council	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	45,000	12,607	
Port Melbourne	Port Melbourne City Council	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	14,250	3,750	
Preston	Preston City Council	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	50,000	13,263	
Williamstown	Williamstown City Council	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	26,907	7,778	
			462,568	136,864	(Cont'd.)

STATE OF VICTORIA

ELECTRICITY SUPPLY UNDERTAKINGS (MUNICIPAL AND PRIVATE.) - Continued.

Appendix No. 6

Municipality	Summy Authority	System of Supply	-ndo-	Number of	Tar	Tariffs
or Centre	Supply Autority	;	lation	Consumers	Lighting	Power
COUNTRY.						
Apollo Bay	H. A. Block	D.C., 230 v.	200	223	1s.3d. to 1s. Optional Tariff – 1s.5d. per room per month,	6d. to 3d. For room per month,
Ararat	Ararat City Council	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	006'9	1,666	9d. to 14d. 9d. to 14d. Optional domestic tariff — 2 kWh. per room per month at 9d, per kWh. Next 30 kWh.	ber kwh. 3½d. to 1¼d. ## – 2 kWh. per room kWh. Next 30 kWh.
Beaufort	Ripon Shire Council	A.C., 3 ph., 230.400 v.	1,500	375	2 <u>5</u> d. All further k Wh. 10d.	. 14a. 4d.
Beulah	Karkarooc Shire Council	D.C., 230-460 v.	575	158	1s.5d.	5d.
Birchip	Birchip Electric Supply Co. Ltd.	D.C., 230 v.	009	240	1s.4d.	8d. to 6d.
Boort	Boort Co-operative Butter & Ice Co.	D.C., 230 v.	009	228	1s.3d. to 9d.	6d, to 4d.
Casterton	Casterton Electric Supply Co. Pty. Ltd.	D.C., 230 v.	2,200	573	11d, to 9d,	6d. to 4d.
Charlton .	Charlton Electric Light & Power Co.	D.C., 230 v.	1,300	428	ls. to 9d.	6d. to 4d.
Cohuna	Gunbower Co-operative Butter Factory	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	1,050	410	ls. to 9d.	6d. to 2d.
Corryong	& Irading Co. Ltd. Upper Murray Shire Council	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	200	209	1s.3d.	6d. to 3d.
Cowes	Phillip Island Shire Council	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	200	223	1s.1d, to 10d.	6½d, to 4d.
Dimboola	Dimboola Shire Council	D.C., 230-460 v.	1,800	544	1s. to 8d.	6d. to 3d.
Donald	Donald Shire Council	D.C., 230 v.	1,500	447	1s. to 10d.	6d. to 2 ³ d.
*Doncaster	Doncaster Shire Council	A.C., 1 ph., 200-400 v.	2,600	873	Dom. 7d.	Dom. 4d.
					uriff—1s.6d.	per room per month,
Edenhope	Edenhope E.S. Co. Pty, Ltd.	D.C., 230 v.	009	82		per www. 9d.
Goroke	Goroke Freezing & Trading Co. Pty.	D.C., 230 v.	390	96	ls.4d.	.p9
Gunbower	Gunbower Co-operative Butter Factory	D.C., 230 v.	260	26	1s.3d. to 9d.	6d. to 3d.
	100 G					(Cont'd.)

STATE OF VICTORIA

ELECTRICITY SUPPLY UNDERTAKINGS (MUNICIPAL AND PRIVATE.) - Continued.

Appendix No. 6

Tariffs	Power	9d. to 7d.			Dom, $4\frac{1}{4}$ d, to 2d.	7d.		6d. to 4d.	5d. to 1½d.	2q.	9d. to 5d.	Dom, 13d, to 13d. Ind, 23d, to 13d.	District Area Optional Tariff-1s.3d. per room	13d. per kWh.	8d. to 2d.	7d. to 5d.	4d. to 2d.		7d. to 5d.	5d. to 3½d.	. 9q.	7d. to 5d.	2q.	.p6	70 V4 71 Y	od. to od.	6d. to 4d.	6d. to 4d.		11.
	Lighting	1s.6d.	1s.4d. to 1s.1d.	11d.	9 <u>₹</u> 6	1s.1d.	;	1s.2d.	9d. to 2d.	ls,	1s.6d.	7½d. to 6½d.	District Area Op	per month, plus 13d. per kWh	ls.	1s.6d.	.pg	10d.	1s.3d. to 1s.	.p6	1s.6d.	ls. to 11d.	1s.2d.	1s.6d.	10.1 4. 6.1	10d. to od.	1s.3d. to 6d.	ls. to 9d.	1s. to 8d.	
Number of	Consumers	293	260	251	1,949	263		282	892	260	88	5,802			202	92	349	267	126	611	92	578	310	90	1	1,2,1	142	127	222	
Popu-	lation	1,400	1,200	800	6,700	825		200	3,000	1,200	400	18,000			200	400	1,148	006	200	1,980	250	2.000	1,100	400		4,000	200	200	1,000	
S. S. S. S. S.	system of supply	D.C., 230-460 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 230-463 v.	D.C., 230 v.	D.C., 230-460 v.	[A.C., 5 pn., 250-400 v.] D.C., 230 v.		A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 230-460 v.	D.C., 230 v.	D.C., 230 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.			D.C., 230 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	D.C., 230 v.	D.C., 230-460 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 230-463 v.	D.C., 230-460 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	D.C., 230 v.	D.C., 230-460 v.	D.C., 230 v.	000	A.C., 3 pn., 230-409 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	D.C., 230 v.	D.C., 230 v.	•
Samuelan Anthonian	Supply Authority	McIvor Shire Council	S. F. Block	Karkarooc Shire Council	Horsham Shire Council	S. F. Block (trading as "Jeparit Electric	Light and Power Station")	Kaniva Shire Council	Kerang Shire Council	Kilmore Shire Council	I. Andrews	Mildura City Council			Dunmunkle Shire Council	Walpeup Shire Council	Dunmunkle Shire Council	Goulburn Shire Council	H. C. Woolmer	Lowan Shire Council	Omeo Electric Supply and Motor Co.	Pty. Ltd. Orbost Butter Produce Co. Ltd.	Walpeup Shire Council	Port Campbell Electric Supply Co.	Pty. Ltd.	Fortland Iown Council	Gordon Shire Council	Kerang Shire Council	Frank Dawson Pty. Ltd.	
Municipality	or Centre	Heathcote	Heywood	Hopetoun	Horsham	Jeparit		Kaniva	Kerang (incl. Koondrook)	Kilmore	Manangatang	Mildura (including	Merbein and Irymple).		Minyip	Murrayville	Murtoa	Nagambie	Natimuk	Nhill	Omeo	Orbost	Ouven	Port Campbell		Fortland	Pyramid	Quambatook	Rainbow	

STATE OF VICTORIA

ELECTRICITY SUPPLY UNDERTAKINGS (MUNICIPAL AND PRIVATE.) - Continued.

Appendix No. 6

Tariffs	Power	.p6	Optional Tariff—1s.6d. per room per month, plus 6d. per kWh.	8d. to 2d.	6d. to 3d.	9d.	4d. to 2d.	5d. to 2½d.	Optional Tariff — 1s.4d. per room per month, plus 3½d, per kWh,	5d. to 13d.	5d. to 3½d.	Optional Tariff — 1s.4d. per room per month, plus 3½d. per kWh.	9d, to 7d.	9d.	6d. to 3½d.	6d, to 2½d.	3d. to 1¾d.	9d.	5d. to 2d.		-
Ţ.	Lighting	1s.6d,	Optional Tariff—1s.6d plus 6d. per kWh.	1s.1d.	1s.2d.	1s.	.pg	11d. to 6d.	Optional Tariff — 1s.4 plus 3½d. per kWh.	8d. to 3d.	1s.3d. to 6d.	Optional Tariff — 1s.4 plus 3½d. per kWh.	1s.6d.	1s.6d.	Is.	. 1s.3d.	7 d .	1s.6d.	11d. to 9d.		
Number of	Consumers	94		175	373	37	1,566	887		1,309	1,279		26	53	842	358	1,590	99	658		
-ndod	lation	200		200	1,300	175	4,900	3,000		2,000	11,000		200	250	2,800	1,600	5,230	410	3,000		
System of Sincery	- 1	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.		D.C., 230 v.	D.C., 230 v.	D.C., 230 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.		A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.		D.C., 230 v.	D.C., 230 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 240-415 v.	D.C., 230 v.	A.C., 3 ph., 230-400 v.		
Supply Authority	(Swan Hill Shire Council		Dunmunkle Shire Council	Waranga Shire Council	C. C. Wallis	Stawell Borough Council	St. Arnaud Town Council		Swan Hill Borough Council	Swan Hill Shire Council		A. J. Gloster	J. H. Ferris and A. J. Thomson	Warracknabeal E.L. Co. Ltd.	Korong Shire Council	State Coal Mine	E. H. & L. J. Bailey	Wycheproof Shire Council		
Municipality	or Centre	Robinvale		Rupanyup	Rushworth	Serviceton	Stawell	St. Arnaud		Swan Hill (Borough)	†Swan Hill (Rural Supply)		Underbool	Walwa	Warracknabeal	Wedderburn	Wonthaggi	Woomelang	Wycheproof (incl. Sea Lake	and Intermediate	Lowns)

*Supplied in bulk by State Electricity Commission. †Supplied in bulk by Swan Hill Borough Council.

NEW SOUTH WALES UNDERTAKINGS (BULK SUPPLIES) Municipalities of Albury, Berrigan, Coreen, Corowa, and Moama purchased from the State Electricity Commission of Victoria 28,504,385 kWh during the year.

METROPOLITAN MUNICIPAL UNDERTAKINGS SERVED IN BULK BY THE STATE ELECTRICITY COMMISSION OF VICTORIA

FINANCIAL RESULTS - YEARS 1941 TO 1950

				Le	ss Appropriation	ns	Net Surplus/
Council	Revenue	Expenditure	Profit	Loan Redemption	Municipal Funds	Total	Surplus/ Deficit
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
Box Hill	~						
1941	51,468	39,445	12,023	5,790	6,233	12,023	_
1942	53,045	39,078	13,967	6,553	7,414	13,967	_
1943	53,104	41,455	11,649	7,480	4,169	11,649	-
1 944	57,594	41,920	15,674	7,732	7,942	15,674	-
1945	64,802	44,360	20,442	8,217	12,225	20,442	-
1946	72,182	53,678	18,504	6,042	12,462	18,504	-
1947	83,135	65,137	17,998	6,969	11,029	17,998	-
1948	105,684	85,736	19,948	8,484	11,464	19,948	_
1 94 9	136,336	118,483	17,853	9,522	8,331	17,853	i –
1950	186,379	174,068	12,311	11,626	685	12,311	-
Brunswick				'			
1941	152,691	141,890	10,801	3,350	10,000	13,350	D 2,549
1942	152,373	139,286	13,087	3,484	10,000	13,484	D 39
1943	145,935	131,390	14,545	3,686	16,823	20,509	D 5,96
1944	147,616	130,061	17,555	3,865	15,000	18,865	D 1,31
1945	157,367	139,975	17,392	4,056	16,500	20,556	D 3,16
1946	168,628	149,543	19,085	4,050	20,000	24,254	D 5,16
1947	177,579	149,343	30,657	4,254	15,000	19,464	S 11,19
1947 1948	214,139	146,922	44,299	4,464	62,041	66,724	D 22,42
1949	246,825		,	'	, ,		1 '
1949	278,465	199,077 232,407	47,748 46,058	5,440 5,699	48,800 43,800	54,240 49,499	D 6,499 D 3,44
		===,	,	0,555	,	20,222	,
Coburg							
1941	83,007	64,667	18,340	3,723	15,000	18,723	D 38
1942	86,532	68,731	17,801	3,933	14,600	18,533	D 73
1943	92,225	76,206	16,019	3,656	13,500	17,156	D 1,13
1944	94,850	77,105	17,745	3,687	13,500	17,187	S 55
1945	99,400	81,604	17,796	4,123	13,500	17,623	S 17
1946	103,826	87,612	16,214	4,456	13,500	17,956	D 1,74
1947	105,075	88,826	16,249	4,654	13,500	18,154	D 1,90
1948	126,282	105,454	20,828	4,917	13,500	18,417	S 2,41
1949	151,807	128,075	23,732	5,412	18,500	23,912	D 18
1950	177,953	160,490	17,463	5,875	18,000	23,875	D 6,41
Footscray							
1941	204,576	159,237	45,339	1,282	35,327	36,609	s 8,73
1942	227,130	182,477	44,653	1,360	37,031	38,391	S 6,26
1943	255,740	217,059	38,681	1,443	27,337	28,780	s 9,90
1944	284,282	243,162	41,120	1,531	30,552	32,083	S 9,03
1944 1945	287,082	246,648	40,434	1,624	29,941	31,565	S 8,86
	298,953	1 1	42,675	1,723	39,631	41,354	S 1,32
1946 1947	311,540	256,278 269,761	41,779	1,828	39,860	41,688	S 1,32
1947 1948	354,549	317,440	37,109	1,940	48,481	50,421	D 13,31
		386,197			48,750	50,421	D 13,31
1949 1950	423,689 554,744	504,281	37,492 50,463	2,058 2,183	42,280	44,463	S 6,00
Heidelberg	,	,					
	F0.041	40.505	10 500	0.010	15 500	10 500	
1941	59,041	40,535	18,506	2,910	15,596	18,506	_
1942	61,403	44,301	17,102	3,262	13,840	17,102	_
1943	70,446	49,892	20,554	3,480	17,074	20,554	-
1944	74,731	53,754	20,977	3,345	17,632	20,977	-
1945	77,799	58,159	19,640	2,742	17,632	20,374	D 78
1946	83,441	62,037	21,404	1,593	16,898	18,491	S 2,91
1947	93,714	69,348	24,366	2,830	19,811	22,141	S 2,22
1948	108,066	83,184	24,882	2,900	21,878	24,778	S 10
1949	139,651	116,209	23,442	3,720	20,888	24,608	D 1,16
1950	170,357	157,219	13,138	5,199	18,662	23,861	D 10,72

			_		Less A	appropriations			Net
Council	Revenue	Expenditure	Profit	Loan Redemption	Municipal Funds	Changeover D.C. to A.C.	Capital Account	Total	Surplus Deflei
Northcote	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1941	80,302	51,903	28,399	3,909	22,000	_	_	25,909	S 2,49
1942	79,079	51,286	27,793	2,890	17,000		-	19,890	S 7,90
1943	74,009	51,781	22,228	2,906	20,000	<u>_</u> ·		22,906	D 6
1944	78,466	52,949	25,517	2,424	20,000	_	_	22,424	S 3,0
1945	85,722	55,418	30,304	2,680	20,000			1 '	S 7,6
1946	95,897	62,957	32,940	2,992	25,000	! -	_	22,680	, ,
1947		68,498	34,332	,	, .	-	-	27,992	,-
	102,830		-	3,144	25,000	-	_	28,144	S 6,1
1948	118,163	81,181	36,982	3,823	45,000	-	-	48,823	D 11,8
1949	138,984	99,249	39,735	4,808	25,000	_	-	29,808	S 9,9
1950	158,558	123,353	35,205	5,290	31,000	-	-	36,290	D 1,0
ort Melbourne									
1941	47,325	36,993	10,332	50	5,000	_	_	5,050	S 5,2
1942	55,625	42,328	13,297	51	_		_	51	S 13,2
1943	64,595	48,699	15,896	54	_	_		54	
1944	69,960	53,772	16,188	57	_	_	_	54	,
1945	72,260	59,528	12,732	"	_	~		51	S 16,1
				-	_	_	_	-	S 12,7
1946	70,778	61,193	9,585	-	-	_	_	_	S 9,5
1947	72,624	60,800	11,824	_	30,000	_	_	30,000	D 18,1
1948	84,862	71,623	13,239	-		-	-	_	S 13,2
1949	97,602	84,300	13,302	-	3,000	-	_	3,000	S 10,3
1950	120,565	106,353	14,212	-	3,000	-	-	3,000	S 11,2
reston									
1941	67,653	50,298	17,355	3,883	14,303	l '		10 100	١, ,
1942	69,115	52,573	16,542	4,308		_	_	18,186	D 8
1943	,	54,834	-		15,052	_	_	19,360	D 2,8
	71,179		16,345	5,100	18,000		_	23,100	D 6,7
1944	73,234	55,505	17,729	5,041	20,000	_	_	25,041	D 7,5
1945	77,916	57,442	20,474	5,309	10,000	_	_	15,309	S 5,1
1946	89,467	68,167	21,300	5,588	11,000	-	_	16,588	S 4,7
1947	99,833	78,906	20,927	5,885	15,000	-	_	20,885	S
1948	119,411	93,229	26,182	6,918	17,000		-	23,918	S 2,2
1949	145,871	109,962	35,909	7,997	19,000	-	_	26,997	S 8,9
1950	182,237	148,102	34,135	9,301	25,750	-	_	35,051	D §
Villiamstown									
1941	81,742	55,952	25,790	922	20,776	_	_	21,698	S 4,0
1942	95,087	69,030	26,057	966	22,753	l _	_	23,719	S 2,3
1943	101,385	74.620	26,765	1,010	23,240		_	24,250	S 2,5
1944	100,771	74,841	25,930	1,054	26,285		_		
1945	102,579	78,282	24,297	1,098	22,300	-	_	27,339	D 1,4
1946	100,397	75,017	25,380	785		-	-	23,398	S 8
1940 1947	98,081	72,906	25,175	100	25,500	_	_	26,285	D 9
				_	23,000	-	-	23,000	S 2,1
1948	113,938	87,953	25,985	_	23,000) - i	_	23,000	S 2,9
1949	133,022	102,390	30,632 29,877	_	26,350	-	-	26,350	S 4,5
1950	158,484	128,607	29,011	_	26,3 50	_	_	26,350	S 3,5
Melbourne									
1941	853,468	679,255	174,213	11,842	45,000	48,780		105,622	S 68,5
1942	882,502	734,662	147,840	11,842	45,000	20,231	70,767	147,840	
1943	907,507	765,281	142,226	11,842	45,000	19,815	_	76,657	S 65,5
1944	921,451	797,023	124,428	11,092	45,000	20,262	_	76,354	S 48,0
1945	948,672	822,207	126,465	11,092	45,000	26,863	_	82,955	S 43,5
1946	942,224	848,883	93,341	11,092	45,000	40,189		96,281	
1947	973,677	899,004	74,673	11,093	45,000	1 -	_	56,093	
1948	1,145,343	1,080,694	64,649	11,093		-	-		S 18,5
					45,000	_	-	56,093	S 8,5
1949	1,293,627	1,197,616	96,011	11,092	45,000	-	_	56,092	S 39,9
1950	1,434,495	1,346,219	88,276	12,152	45,000	-	_	57,152	S 31,

METROPOLITAN MUNICIPAL UNDERTAKINGS – COMBINED RESULTS

					L	ess Appropriatio	ns		Net
Year	Revenue	Expenditure	Profit	Loan Redemption	Municipal Funds	Changeover D.C. to A.C.	Capital Account	Total	Surplus/ Deficit
	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
1941	1,681,273	1,320,175	361,098	37,661	189,235	48,780	-	275,676	S 85,422
1942	1,761,891	1,423,752	338,139	38,649	182,690	20,231	70,767	312,337	S 25,802
1943	1,836,125	1,511,217	324,908	40,657	185,143	19,815	_	245,615	S 79,293
1944	1,902,955	1,580,092	322,863	39,828	195,911	20,262	_	256,001	S 66,862
1945	1,973,599	1,643,623	329,976	40,941	187,098	26,863	_	254,902	S 75,074
1946	2,025,793	1,725,365	300,428	38,525	208,991	40,189	-	287,705	S 12,723
1947	2,118,088	1,820,108	297,980	40,367	237,200	_	_	277,567	S 20,413
1948	2,490,437	2,176,334	314,103	44,758	287,364	-	_	332,122	D 18,019
1949	2,907,414	2,541,558	365,856	50,049	263,619	_	_	313,668	S 52,188
1950	3,422,237	3,081,099	341,138	57,325	254,527	-	_	311,852	S 29,286